# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022



Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc. Certified Public Accountants

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of County Commissioners Saguache County, Colorado Saguache, Colorado

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Saguache County, Colorado (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, in fiscal year 2022 the County adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No.84, Fiduciary Activities and GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## **Certified Public Accountants**



Bateman Inc.

Board of County Commissioners Saguache County, Colorado Page 2

## Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such

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information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the Local Highway Finance Report as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the Local Highway Finance Report are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 16, 2023 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and reporting and compliance.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc. Alamosa, Colorado

August 16, 2023

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2022

	Primary Government					
	Governmental	<b>Business-Type</b>				
	Activities	Activities	TOTAL			
ASSETS						
Current Assets:		¢ 050.000	<b>•</b> 16000 600			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 15,750,669	\$ 253,023	\$ 16,003,692			
Accounts Receivable	90,793	254	91,047			
Property Taxes Receivable	2,159,457	-	2,159,457			
Due from Other Governments	333,337	-	333,337			
Inventory	1,151,250	-	1,151,250			
Total Current Assets	19,485,506	253,277	19,738,783			
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:	468,970	114,000	582,970			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	5,421,900	164,891	5,586,791			
Total Noncurrent Assets	5,890,870	278,891	6,169,761			
TOTAL ASSETS	25,376,376	532,168	25,908,544			
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	206,075	5,310	211,385			
Security Deposits	210,000	11,238	221,238			
Unearned Grant Revenue	2,932,859	,	2,932,859			
Notes Payable	_,,	12,329	12,329			
Leases Payable	38,576	,	38,576			
Financed Purchase Agreements Payable	-	-	-			
Compensated Absences	13,422	-	13,422			
Total Current Liabilities	3,400,932	28,877	3,429,809			
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Notes Payable	-	239,220	239,220			
Financed Purchased Agreements Payable	-					
Leases Payable	67,521	_	67,521			
Compensated Absences	285,793	_	285,793			
Closure and Post Closure Costs	747,485	_	747,485			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,100,799	239,220	1,340,019			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,501,731	268,097	4,769,828			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - CURRENT						
Deferred Revenue - Property Tax	2,159,457	_	2,159,457			
Defented Revenue - Hoperty Tax	2,159,457		2,139,437			
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,784,773	27,342	5,812,115			
Restricted for TABOR	400,000	-	400,000			
Unrestricted	12,530,415	236,729	12,767,144			
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 18,715,188	\$ 264,071	\$ 18,979,259			

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

						(Expense) Revenu anges in Net Posi	
			Program Revenue	s	P	rimary Governme	ent
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants & Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	TOTAL
Primary Government:							
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>							
General Government	\$ 5,505,675	\$ 1,029,459	\$ 1,584,534	\$ -	\$ (2,891,682)	\$ -	\$ (2,891,682)
Public Safety	2,054,859	128,613	155,550	-	(1,770,696)	-	(1,770,696)
Health and Welfare	7,858,075	158,435	7,454,366	95,772	(149,502)	-	(149,502)
Public Works	3,514,088	396,898	3,171,135	-	53,945	-	53,945
Culture and Recreation	513,123	-	47,264	-	(465,859)	-	(465,859)
Interest on Long-Term Debt				-	-	-	-
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	19,445,820	1,713,405	12,412,849	95,772	(5,223,794)		(5,223,794)
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>							
Housing Authority	373,206	151,714	247,216			25,724	25,724
Total Business-Type Activities	373,206	151,714	247,216			25,724	25,724
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 19,819,026	\$ 1,865,119	\$ 12,660,065	\$ 95,772	(5,223,794)	25,724	(5,198,070)
		General Reven	ues:				
		Taxes:					
		1	erty Taxes - Net		2,133,433	-	2,133,433
		Sales Taxes			2,237,375	-	2,237,375
		Other Taxes			633,218	-	633,218
		Payment in Lie			1,176,056	-	1,176,056
		Interest on Inv	estments		159,410	293	159,703
		Miscellaneous			612,527	10,510	623,037
		Total General I	Revenues		6,952,019	10,803	6,962,822
		Change in	Net Position		1,728,225	36,527	1,764,752
		Net Position - <b>E</b>	Beginning of Year		16,986,963	227,544	17,214,507
		Net Position - H	Ending		\$ 18,715,188	\$ 264,071	\$ 18,979,259

## SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2022

		GENERAL FUND		0		ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND		SOCIAL SERVICES FUND		PUBLIC SAFETY FUND	GOV	OTHER /ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Property Taxes Receivable Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governments Inventory	\$	8,003,743 1,804,835 11,440	\$	2,522,334 - 1,677 240,846 1,151,250	\$	697,262 (4,885) 306,700 - 92,491	\$	3,158,795	\$	1,368,535 95,678 47,922 5,005	\$	15,750,669 90,793 2,159,457 18,122 333,337 1,151,250		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	9,820,018	\$	3,916,107	\$	1,091,568	\$	3,158,795	\$	1,517,140	\$	19,503,628		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE														
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Accounts Payable Security Deposits Due to Other Funds Deferred Grant Revenue	\$	134,846 210,000 6,682 2,657,651	\$	63,768	\$	220,874	\$	- - 11,440 -	\$	7,461 - 54,334	\$	206,075 210,000 18,122 2,932,859		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,009,179		63,768		220,874		11,440		61,795		3,367,056		
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> Unearned Revenue - Property Tax		1,804,835				306,700				47,922		2,159,457		
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned		400,000 1,315,000 3,291,004		1,151,250 - 2,701,089		- 563,994 -		3,147,355		1,407,423		1,151,250 400,000 9,134,861 3,291,004		
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		5,006,004		3,852,339		563,994		3,147,355		1,407,423		13,977,115		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	9,820,018	\$	3,916,107	\$	1,091,568	\$	3,158,795	\$	1,517,140	\$	19,503,628		

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 13,977,115
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets and leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		5,890,870
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated Absences	\$ (299,215)	
Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs	(747,485)	
Financed and Leased Purchase Agreements Payable	(106,097)	
		(1,152,797)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 18,715,188

## SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	G	ENERAL FUND	AND BRIDGE SERV		SOCIAL PUBLIC SERVICES SAFETY G FUND FUND		OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			
REVENUES												
Taxes	\$	2,435,509	\$	-	\$	349,515	\$	1,242,172	\$	976,830	\$	5,004,026
Intergovernmental Revenue		3,304,990		2,911,486		7,004,859		-		496,771		13,718,106
Licenses and Permits		280,635		36,380		-		-		-		317,015
Charges for Services		1,119,218		360,518		-		-		156,785		1,636,521
Interest on Deposits		159,368		-		42		-		-		159,410
Miscellaneous		574,121		6,934		24,373		-		7,099		612,527
TOTAL REVENUES		7,873,841		3,315,318		7,378,789		1,242,172		1,637,485		21,447,605
EXPENDITURES												
Current Expenditures:												
General Government		4,996,368		-		-		-		-		4,996,368
Public Safety		1,692,255		-		-		133,639		161,362		1,987,256
Health and Welfare		6,776		-		7,244,053		-		642,606		7,893,435
Public Works		45,825		3,209,359		-		-		145,943		3,401,127
Culture and Recreation		143,465		-		-		-		369,658		513,123
Capital Outlay		561,726		443,914		-		-		27,517		1,033,157
Debt Service		33,504		108,258		-		-		-		141,762
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		7,479,919		3,761,531		7,244,053		133,639		1,347,086		19,966,228
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		393,922		(446,213)		134,736		1,108,533		290,399		1,481,377
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers In		-		-		-		-		916,505		916,505
Transfers Out		(62,000)		-		-		-		(854,505)		(916,505)
Lease Proceeds		42,639		-		-		-		-		42,639
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(19,361)		-		-		-		62,000		42,639
Net Change in Fund Balance		374,561		(446,213)		134,736		1,108,533		352,399		1,524,016
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		4,631,443		4,298,552		429,258		2,038,822		1,055,024		12,453,099
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	5,006,004	\$	3,852,339	\$	563,994	\$	3,147,355	\$	1,407,423	\$	13,977,115

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,524,016
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the activity in capital and lease assets in the current period.			
Capital asset additions Depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 826,659 (651,307)		
Deletions net of accumulated depreciation	-		
Lease asset additions	 42,639	-	217,991
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of principal include:			
Financed Purchase Agreement Payments	218,050		
Lease Payments Lease Proceeds	43,059 (42,639)		
	 (42,037)	-	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			218,470
Compensated Absences	(51,403)		
Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs	 (180,849)	-	(222,252)
			(232,252)
Change in net position of governmental funds		\$	1,728,225

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities
	HOUSING AUTHORITY
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 253,023
Accounts Receivable	254
Total Current Assets	253,277
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Capital assets not being depreciated:	114,000
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	164,891
Total Noncurrent Assets	278,891
TOTAL ASSETS	532,168
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	5,310
Security Deposit	11,238
Notes Payable (current portion)	12,329
Total Current Liabilities	28,877
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Notes Payable	239,220
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	239,220
TOTAL LIABILITIES	268,097
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	27,342
Unrestricted	236,729
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 264,071

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities
	HOUSING AUTHORITY
OPERATING REVENUES	ф 151 714
Rent from Tenants	\$ 151,714
HUD Operating Subsidy Contributions and Donations	109,279
Miscellaneous	117,937
Miscellaneous	10,510
Total Charges for Services	389,440
Total operating revenues	389,440
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Administrative	109,330
Utilities	66,639
Operating and Maintenance	164,562
Insurance	12,969
Depreciation Expense	10,721
Total operating expenses	364,221
Operating Income (Loss)	25,219
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest on Investments	293
Grant Revenue	20,000
Interest Expense	(8,985)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	11,308
TRANSFERS AND CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	
Capital Contribution Transfer from General Fund	<u> </u>
Changes in Net Position	36,527
Net Position, Beginning of Year	227,544
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 264,071

## SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities		
		OUSING FHORITY	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from tenants and others	\$	164,668	
Cash received from HUD operating subsidy		109,279	
Cash paid to employees for services		(109,330)	
Cash paid to suppliers and service providers		(120,923)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		43,694	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Grant Revenue		20,000	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		20,000	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Payment of note principal and interest		(53,164)	
Purchase of Capital Assets		(5,300)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(58,464)	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest received		293	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		293	
Increase (decrease) in cash and investments		5,523	
Cash and cash equivalents, Beginning of the Year		247,500	
Cash and cash equivalents, End of the Year	\$	253,023	
Operating income (loss)	\$	25,219	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities			
Depreciation		10,721	
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(254)	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		5,310	
Increase (Decrease) in Security Deposits		2,698	
Total adjustments		18,475	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	43,694	
Noncash Noncapital Financing Activities			
Contributions of repairs, maintenance, and materials	\$	117,936	

## SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

	PUBLIC TRUSTEE		COUNTY TREASURER		COUNTY SHERIFF		COUNTY CLERK		CU	TOTAL STODIAL FUNDS
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,031	\$	954,200	\$	16,341	\$	280,879	\$	1,253,451
TOTAL ASSETS		2,031		954,200		16,341		280,879		1,253,451
LIABILITIES										
Due to Other Governments		-		954,200		-		121,826		1,076,026
Deposits held for Others				-		-		-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		954,200		-		121,826		1,076,026
NET POSITION										
Restricted for:										
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments		2,031		-		16,341		159,053		177,425
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	2,031	\$		\$	16,341	\$	159,053	\$	177,425

## SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

#### December 31, 2022

	-	PUBLIC TRUSTEE					 ) UNTY IERIFF		COUNTY CLERK	TOTAL CUSTODIAL FUNDS	
ADDITIONS											
Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$	-	\$	7,003,472	\$ -	\$	-	\$	7,003,472		
Public Trustee Activity		11,129		-	-		-		11,129		
Held for Others		-		-	71,200		2,208,788		2,279,988		
Miscellaneous		-		6,971,370	 -		-		6,971,370		
Total Additions		11,129		13,974,842	 71,200		2,208,788		16,265,959		
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Taxes Disbursed Public Trustee Disbursements Funds Held for Others Total Deductions		- 16,114 - 16,114		13,974,842	 79,037 79,037		2,349,517 2,349,517		13,974,842 16,114 2,428,554 16,419,510		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position		(4,985)		-	 (7,837)		(140,729)		(153,551)		
Net Position - Beginning of the Year, Restated		7,016		-	 24,178		299,782		330,976		
Net Position - End of the Year	\$	2,031	\$	-	\$ 16,341	\$	159,053	\$	177,425		

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the County reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in *Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*.

## **REPORTING ENTITY**

#### Primary Government

Saguache County is a political subdivision organized under the statutes of the State of Colorado. The County is governed by a three-member Board of County Commissioners (the Board). Each commissioner is elected atlarge by the voters of the County to represent one of the three separate districts and must reside in the district for which he or she is elected. There are also six other elected officials - assessor, clerk and recorder, coroner, sheriff, district attorney, and treasurer. The treasurer is also the County Public Trustee.

The County provides a wide range of services to its residents including general administration, public safety, highways and streets, health and social services, public improvements, planning, zoning, airport, predatory animal and weed control.

#### Component Units

The County's combined financial statements include the accounts of all County operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the County's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- The County holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The County appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The County is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the County
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the County
- The organization is financially accountable to the County
- The organization receives or holds funds that are for the benefit of the County; and the County has access to a majority of the funds held; and the funds that are accessible are also significant to the County

The Saguache County Housing Authority (the Authority) is administered and governed by the Saguache County Commissioners. The Authority is blended into the County's financial statements as an Enterprise Fund.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the County and its component units, except for County fiduciary activity. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the governmentwide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Mainly taxes and intergovernmental revenues support governmental activities.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. Program revenues include:

- Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales and use taxes, other taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues, and interest are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the County. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *Road and Bridge Fund* is used to account for the maintenance and improvements of streets and highways. The sources of funds include highway users fees and other revenue sources.
- The *Social Services Fund* is used to account for the operations of social programs; i.e. Temporary Aid to Needy Families, Old Age Pension, Aid to the Blind, Aid to the Needy and Disabled, among others. Financing is provided by grants, allotments, and property tax revenue.
- The *Public Safety Fund* is used to account for an approved one and one-half sales tax revenue specifically to be used for the operations of law enforcement.

Proprietary fund financial statements are used to account for activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is based upon determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as non-operating.

• The *Housing Authority Fund* is reported as an enterprise fund. The principal operating revenue of the Housing Authority Fund are monthly unit rental fees charged to tenants.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The fiduciary fund financial statements consist of custodial funds that are fiduciary in nature and present changes in fiduciary net position. Custodial funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the County holds for others in a fiduciary capacity.

- The *Public Trustee Fund* was established to account for expenditures for the Public Trustee's Office. The Public Trustee is appointed by the Governor of Colorado for a four-year term. This office administers foreclosures including issuance of Public Trustee deeds, cure of default and lien redemptions.
- The *County Treasurer Fund* accounts for monies collected (principally tax collections) by the Saguache County Treasurer for various local government entities within the County.
- The *County Sheriff Fund* is used to account for funds collected for and disbursed for inmates and search and rescue.
- The *Clerk and Recorder Fund* accounts for four checking accounts for the collection of various taxes, fees, and surcharges which are reimbursed to the State of Colorado, other taxing entities and remaining funds are used at the Clerk's discretion.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated.

#### ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

#### Cash

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### Investments

All investments, if any, are recorded at fair market value.

## Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. The taxes are payable in two installments on February 28 and June 15 or in full on April 30. The County Treasurer bills and collects all property taxes for the County. Property tax revenue is recognized by the County to the extent it results in a current receivable. The 2022 property tax levy due January 1, 2023 has been recorded in the financial statements as a receivable and a corresponding deferred inflow of resources in the financial statements.

#### **Inventories and Prepaid Items**

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (last-in, first-out) or market. Inventory in the Road and Bridge Fund consists of expendable supplies held for use. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources", even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventory policy on government-wide statements is consistent with fund statements.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment, construction in progress, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, underground pipe, traffic signals, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	7-40
Vehicles and Equipment	5-15
Infrastructure	25-40

#### Leases

Lessee: The County recognizes a lease liability and intangible right-to-use lease assets in the government-wide financial statements. The County recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$15,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease terms, and (3) lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term include the noncancellable period of the leases. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB statement No. 87, *Leases*; previously recorded leases have been renamed as financed purchase agreements.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Annual leave may be accrued to the maximum of:

Under 5 years	144 hours
5 but less than 10 years	168 hours
10 - 15 or (20) years	192 hours

Upon separation from the County, an employee shall be paid for the amount of annual leave that he/she has accrued, subject to the limitation above. All vacation leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

## **Unearned Revenue**

Revenues on grants, which are restricted by the grant document for specific purposes, are recognized as revenue only after eligible grant costs have been incurred. Grant funds received in excess of grant expenditures are recorded as unearned revenues.

## **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section of deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

## Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in the following three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt should be included in this component of net position.
- *Restricted* consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted assets consist of assets that have limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

## Fund Balance

Fund balances are reported based on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints for the specific purpose on which amounts in the fund can be spent. Fund balances are classified in the following five categories:

- *Nonspendable Fund Balance-* amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form-such as inventory and prepaid expenses.
- *Restricted Fund Balance-* amounts restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either

   (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments
   or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Committed Fund Balance-* amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by the Board of County Commissioners, the highest level of decision making authority, through resolution or ordinance. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of action. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Assigned Fund Balance- amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board of County Commissioners or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.
- *Unassigned Fund Balance* amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position/fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of County Commissioners has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Social Services Fund	Public Safety Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable						
Inventory	\$ -	1,151,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,151,250
		1,151,250		-	-	1,151,250
Restricted TABOR	460,000					460,000
TADOK	460,000					460,000
	400,000					400,000
Committed						
Contingencies	500,000	-	-	-	803,347	1,376,005
Capital Expenditures	415,000	-	-	-	-	415,000
Landfill	400,000	-	-	-	-	400,000
Public Safety	-	-	-	3,147,355	-	3,147,355
Health and Welfare	-	-	563,994	-	176,290	740,284
Highways and Streets	-	2,701,089	-	-	-	2,701,089
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-	281,944	281,944
<b>Emergency Services</b>	-	-	-	-	37,142	(35,516)
Renewable Energy	-	-	-	-	36,042	36,042
Crestone Fire Station	-	-	-	-	72,658	72,658
	1,315,000	2,701,089	563,994	3,147,355	1,407,423	9,134,861
Unassigned	3,231,004			_		3,231,004
Total Fund Balance	\$5,006,004	\$3,852,339	\$ 563,994	\$3,147,355	\$ 1,407,423	\$ 13,977,115

#### Encumbrances

The County does not record purchase orders in the accounting system until invoices are ready for payment. Unfulfilled purchase commitments outstanding at the end of the budget year are re-budgeted in the succeeding year.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Reclassifications**

Certain reclassifications were made to fiscal year 2021 financial statements in order to conform to the fiscal year 2022 financial statement presentation.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements

During fiscal year 2022, the County adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, that establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. The standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. Under the statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and a tangible right to use asset, and a lesser is required to recognize a lease receivable, and a deferred inflow of resources. There is no effect on fund balance or net position as a result of the implementation of this standard. However, beginning lease assets and lease liabilities were restated by \$106,517 to reflect the net present value of financing leases as of December 31, 2021.

The County adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, that improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and post-employment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This Statement changed the reporting of fiduciary activities by defining the four types of fiduciary funds as pension and OPEB trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Custodial funds have replaced what was previously known as agency funds, although the criteria are slightly different. Fiduciary net position for custodial funds was restated by \$330,976 to reflect the change in accounting principle.

## NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

Saguache County follows the procedures set forth in the Colorado Local Government Budget Law when preparing the annual budget for each fund. Budget procedures include:

- Preparation of budget documents by administrative staff, which shall be submitted to the Board no later than October 15 of each year.
- Publication of a notice stating that the budget is available for public inspection.
- Discussion of the budget in a meeting open to the public.
- Adoption of the budget in a public meeting by appropriate resolution, no later than December 31.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the County. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), with the exception of the enterprise funds which budget capital outlay versus depreciation expenses.

The total expenditures for each fund cannot exceed the budgeted amount unless a supplemental appropriation is adopted. The Board of County Commissioners adopted supplemental appropriations during 2022. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the final amended budget.

#### Stewardship

Expenditures in the Social Services Fund exceeded appropriations by \$541,441 during 2022. This may be a violation of Colorado State Statutes.

## NOTE 3 CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of cash, deposits, and investments for the County are as follow:

Cash on Hand	\$	3,603
Cash Deposited in Banks		7,107,393
ColoTrust		4,302,557
C-SAFE	_	5,843,590
Total Cash, Deposits, and Investments (Book Balance)		17,257,143
Less amounts related to Trust & Agency Fund		(1,253,451)
Total Cash, Deposits, and Investments on Statement of Net Position	\$	16,003,692

## Cash and Deposits

Colorado State Statutes and the County Treasurer's investment policy govern the County's deposits of cash. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance (FDIC) on deposits held.

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized in accordance with the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

## Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

The County's investment policy addresses custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2022, \$7,354,383 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Those deposits exposed to credit risk are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions through PDPA.

#### Investments

The County's investment policy and Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local government entities may invest. They include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market funds
- Guaranteed investments contracts
- Corporate or bank debt issued by eligible corporations or banks

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Investments**

The County's investment policy calls for investment diversification within the portfolio to avoid unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions, or maturities. The policy allows for the investment in local government investment pools.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Colorado Revised Statutes and the County's investment policy limit investment maturities to five years or less from the date of purchase. This limit on investment maturities is a means of limiting exposure to fair values arising from increasing interest rates.

## Fair Value

Fair value investments classified at Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Fair value investments classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using the active market rates for the underlying securities. Fair value investments classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using non-observable inputs.

Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado pursuant to Part 7 of Article 75 of Title 24 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. ColoTrust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned by the pool are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the pool. Investments of the pools consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury Notes. ColoTrust is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

The Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (C-SAFE) investments are valued using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. The investments do not have any unfunded commitments, redemption restrictions or redemption notice periods. C-SAFE investments conform to Colorado Statutes CRS 24-75-601 et. seq. and therefore invests primarily in securities of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, Primary Dealer Repurchase Agreements, highly rated commercial paper, highly rated corporate bonds, Colorado depositories collateralized at 102% of market value according to the guidelines of the Public Deposit Protection Act. C-SAFE measures all of its investments at amortized cost. C-SAFE is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

#### NOTE 4 PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

At December 31, 2022, the County had an estimated property tax receivable divided among the funds as follows:

General Fund	\$ 1,804,835
Social Services Fund	306,700
Public Health Fund	47,922
	\$ 2,159,457

## NOTE 5 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The County reports interfund balances between many of its funds. The balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Interfund balances are generally expected to be repaid within one year of the financial statement date.

Interfund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2022, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		mount
General Fund	Public Safety Fund		11,440
Road and Bridge Fund	General Fund		1,677
Conservation Trust Fund	General Fund		5,005
	Total	\$	18,122

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022, were as follows:

Transfer In	sfer In Transfer Out		ount
Sales Tax - Youth and Seniors (Contingency) Fund	Sales Tax- Emergency Services Fund Sales Tax- Youth and Seniors Fund	\$	314,990 142,317
	Sales Tax- Renewable Energy Fund		397,198
			854,505
Public Health Fund	General Fund		62,000
	Total	\$	916,505

The General Fund transferred funds to supplement the Public Health Fund. The other Sales Tax Funds transferred to the Sales Tax Youth and Seniors (Contingency) Fund excess monies.

## NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2021		Additions		Deletions		Balance 12/31/2022	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	231,693	\$	-	\$	-	\$	231,693
Construction in Progress		-		237,277		-		237,277
Total capital assets not being depreciated		231,693		237,277		-		468,970
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements		7,846,233		37,071		38,324		7,844,980
Vehicles and Heavy Equipment		8,855,617		522,340		101,203		9,276,754
Equipment		663,609		29,971		76,200		617,380
Infrastructure		1,699,300		-		-		1,699,300
Total capital assets being depreciated	1	9,064,759		589,382		215,727		19,438,414
Lease assets being depreciated:								
Equipment		218,119		42,639		-		260,758
Total lease assets being depreciated		218,119		42,639		-		260,758
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements		6,582,831		62,738		38,324		6,607,245
Vehicles and Heavy Equipment		6,343,966		464,049		101,203		6,706,812
Equipment		459,649		38,979		76,200		422,428
Infrastructure		343,644		42,482		-		386,126
Lease assets		111,602		43,059		-		154,661
Total accumulated depreciation	1	3,841,692		651,307		215,727		14,277,272
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		5,441,186		(19,286)		-		5,421,900
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	5,672,879	\$	217,991	\$	-	\$	5,890,870

	Balance 2/31/2021	Additions		Deletions		Balance 12/31/2022	
Business-type Activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 114,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	114,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 114,000		-		-		114,000
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and Improvements	1,105,535		5,300		-		1,110,835
Furniture and Equipment	71,636		-		-		71,636
Total capital assets being depreciated	 1,177,171		5,300		-		1,182,471
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and Improvements	935,223		10,721		-		945,944
Furniture and Equipment	71,636		-		-		71,636
Total accumulated depreciation	 1,006,859		10,721		-		1,017,580
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 284,312		(5,421)		-		278,891
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 284,312	\$	(5,421)	\$	-	\$	278,891

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 85,808
Public Safety	82,841
Health and Welfare	34,603
Public Works	448,055
Culture and Recreation	<u> </u>
	\$ 651,307
Business-type Activities:	
Housing Authority	\$ 10,721

## NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

#### Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, were as follows:

	12/31/2021 Balance Additions Deletions		12/31/2022 Balance	Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:					
Financed Purchase Agreement	\$ 218,050	\$ -	\$ 218,050	\$ -	\$ -
Leases Payable	106,517	42,639	43,059	106,097	38,576
Landfill Closure and Post-Closure	566,636	180,849	-	747,485	-
Compensated Absences	247,812	51,403	-	299,215	13,422
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,139,015	\$ 274,891	\$ 261,109	\$ 1,152,797	\$ 51,998
Business-Type Activities:					
DOLA-Division of Housing US Department of Agriculture	\$ 184,315	\$ -	\$ 43,223	\$ 141,092	\$ 11,307
Blue Waters Hacienda Project, 2005	111,413		956	110,457	1,022
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 295,728	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 44,179	\$ 251,549	\$ 12,329

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:**

#### **Financed Purchase Agreements**

The County entered into a financed purchase agreement with Caterpillar Financial Services on June 13, 2018, in the amount of \$296,436, payable in 5 annual installments of \$59,287, beginning August 2019 at 4.550% interest, with final payment due in August 2023. This agreement was entered into for the purchase of a Caterpillar motor grader. These payments were made from the Road and Bridge Fund. Due to a prepayment the agreement was paid off in 2022. This asset is recorded in capital assets of the government-wide financial statements for a total of \$292,704 less accumulated depreciation of \$78,054 at December 31, 2022.

The County entered into a financed purchase agreement with Caterpillar Financial Services on September 5, 2018, in the amount of \$250,902, payable in 5 annual installments of \$57,233, beginning October 2018, at 4.550% interest, with a final payment due in October 2023. This agreement was entered into for the purchase of a Caterpillar motor grader. These payments were made from the Road and Bridge Fund. Due to a prepayment the agreement was paid off in 2022. This asset is recorded in capital assets of the government-wide financial statements for a total of \$281,635 less accumulated depreciation of \$75,103 at December 31, 2022.

#### Lease Agreements

The County, as a lessee, has entered into lease agreements for equipment with lease terms of 5 to 7 years. The total costs of these right-to-use lease assets are recorded as \$260,757 less accumulated depreciation of \$154,661. The County has determined that as of December 31, 2022, there is no loss associated with an impairment of the right-to-use lease asset.

	F	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	38,576	\$	\$ 12,777		51,353
2024		28,321		2,157		30,478
2025		26,069		1,049		27,118
2026		10,648		300		10,948
2027		2,483		25	_	2,508
	\$	106,097	\$	16,308	\$	122,405

The future lease payments under lease agreements as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

## Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

State and Federal law require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County uses the "Local Government Finance Test" as its financial mechanism to assure full payment of all closure, post closure, and if applicable, corrective action estimated costs. The estimated liability for landfill closure and post closure care costs represents the County's total current estimate of such future costs, and is based on the estimated amount to be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired as of December 31, 2022. As of December 31, 2022, the County estimated that existing landfill capacity was approximately 60% utilized (filled), and that the existing landfill was expected to be filled to capacity in fiscal year 2042. The \$747,485 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at December 31, 2022 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 60% of the estimated closure costs and \$850,082 of estimated post closure costs. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$498,323 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. However, the actual costs of closure and post closure may be higher, due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in the landfill laws and regulations.

## **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:**

#### Colorado Department of Local Affairs – Division of Housing

The Housing Authority has entered into a mortgage note payable with Colorado Department of Local Affairs – Division of Housing (DOH) to refinance the construction of two projects operated by the Housing Authority. The note has an original principal balance in the amount of \$341,000, maturing May 2033, payable in semiannual blended payments of \$7,585 beginning November 30, 2003, and with a stated interest rate of 2% annum. The mortgage is secured by a deed of trust on the Housing Authority's Puerto Del Norte Haciendas housing project, which is located in Saguache County.

The 2009 and 2010 payments were deferred due to cash flow shortages. Payments resumed in December 2011. The note maturity date was extended until December 2035. Due to extra payments made in 2022, the note maturity date was shortened back to May 2033.

#### United States Department of Agriculture

The Housing Authority has entered into a mortgage note payable with the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), with an original principal amount of \$118,592, maturing December 2054, payable in blended monthly payments of \$528, and with a stated interest rate of 6.75% per annum. The mortgage note was entered into to refinance the construction of two projects operated by the Housing Authority and is secured by a deed of trust on the Housing Authority's Blue Waters Haciendas housing project, which is located in Saguache County.

	Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	12,329	\$	7,835	\$	20,164
2024		13,970		7,534		21,504
2025		14,280		7,221		21,501
2026		14,600		6,905		21,505
2027		14,735		6,770		21,505
2028-2032		79,356		28,168		107,524
2033-2037		17,434		20,231		37,665
2038-2042		16,122		15,549		31,671
2043-2047		22,572		9,099		31,671
2048-2052		31,604		1,362		32,966
2053-2056		14,547		-		14,547
	\$	251,549	\$	110,674	\$	362,223

The annual debt service for the mortgage notes payable is as follows:

## NOTE 8 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### **Pension Plans**

The County provides a participatory salary deferral plan under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 401(k), a defined contribution plan, administered by Principal Financial Group, for all County employees over the age of 18 with more than six months of employment with the County. Participating employees may contribute, on a tax-deferred basis, any whole percentage of their total pay each period to the Plan. Federal law limits the deferral amounts in any tax year. The County matches 100% of the first 5% contributed by each employee. The County's matching contributions vest with the employee over a 4-year period. Nonvested County contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment. Such forfeitures are used to cover a portion of the pension plan's administrative expenses. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of County Commissioners.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, total employee contributions to the Plan were \$122,490 and the County recognized pension expense of \$104,903. The County recognized \$377 of forfeitures in retirement expense during 2022.

#### Cafeteria Plan

The County also offers its employees a cafeteria compensation plan organized under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code, which includes the following benefits: medical, disability, accident and/or term life insurance, and health expense reimbursement. No cost to the County is recognized, as the plan is a salary reduction plan.

#### Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

All County employees covered by COBRA insurance may continue their health insurance after a reduction in work hours or termination of employment. The County recognizes no cost for such coverage, as those electing to continue COBRA coverage must reimburse the County for 100% of their premium cost for the extended coverage period.

#### NOTE 9 COLORADO CONTRABAND FORFEITURE ACT

The County has reviewed financial activities in the Sheriff's Department for compliance with the above referenced act. There were no sales of contraband during the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### NOTE 10 TABOR AMENDMENT RESERVE

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding section 20; commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government.

The initial base for local government spending and revenue limits is 1992 fiscal year spending. Future spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's fiscal spending adjusted for inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures and reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue, if any, in excess of fiscal year spending limits must be refunded in the next fiscal year unless voters approve retention of such revenue.

Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple-fiscal year debt or other obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future fiscal years.

TABOR also required local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of fiscal year spending. Fiscal year spending excludes enterprise spending. The Emergency Reserve has been presented as a restriction of fund balance in the County funds and restricted net position on the Statement of Net Position.

The County's management believes it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

The electorate of the County passed a referendum allowing the County to collect and expend the full revenues generated during 1997 and each subsequent year, from its existing tax rates, to receive and expand all sales and property revenues without regard to Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution of law. Approval of this question does not authorize any increase in property tax rates of any kind above the 1995 rates.

#### NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP)

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to property and casualty losses. The County joined together with other counties in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CAPP for its property and casualty insurance coverage. The inter-governmental agreement of formation of CAPP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention that is determined each policy year. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

At December 31, 2022, CAPP had assets of \$26,969,688, liabilities of \$18,155,009 (including \$16,155,601 reserved for losses and claims), and members' equity of \$8,814,679. The liability amount includes no long-term debt. Total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2022, amounted to \$12,086,565 and total expenses were \$12,274,918, resulting in net loss before return of surplus of (\$188,353).

#### Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP)

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries of employees while on the job. The County has joined together with other counties in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CWCP for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. The intergovernmental agreement of formation of CWCP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention that is determined each policy year. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

At December 31, 2022, CWCP had assets of \$53,672,566, liabilities of \$30,186,143 (including \$26,809,948 reserved for losses and claims) and members' equity of \$23,486,423. The liability amount includes no long-term debt. Total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2022, amounted to \$12,067,778, total expenses were \$7,809,099, resulting in net income before return of surplus of \$4,258,679.

#### NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Grant Programs**

The County participates in a number of federal and state grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount of expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although, the County expects any such amounts to be immaterial.

#### Litigation

The County is a party to various legal actions normally associated with governmental activities, the aggregate effect of which, in management's and legal counsel's opinion, would not be material to its financial statements.

#### **Insurance Pools**

The County is a member of the Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP) and the Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP). CAPP and CWCP have a legal obligation for claims against its members to the extent that funds are available in their annually established loss funds and amounts are available from insurance providers under excess specific and aggregate insurance contracts. Losses incurred in excess of loss funds are direct liabilities of the participating members. CAPP and CWCP have indicated that the amount of any excess losses would be billed to members in proportion to their contributions in the year such excess occurs. The ultimate liability to the County resulting from claims not covered by CAPP and CWCP is not presently determinable.

#### **Construction Projects**

*Saguache Clinic* – Saguache Clinic reconstruction started in July 2022 and should be completed in March 2024. The total cost is estimated at \$335,000 with funding provided by a Grant Award of 74.61% or \$250,000 and the County cash match of 25.39% or \$85,000.

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

In addition to the basic financial statements, a budgetary comparison schedule is required for the General Fund and, if applicable, each of the County's major special revenue funds.

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		BUDGETED	) AM				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE		
REVENUES	ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL		(N	EGATIVE)	
Taxes	\$	2,667,354	\$	2,667,354	\$	2,435,509	\$	(231,845)	
Intergovernmental Revenue	φ	3,121,245	φ	2,007,334 5,557,634	φ	3,304,990	φ	(2,252,644)	
Licenses and Permits		220,600		220,600		280,635		60,035	
Charges for Services		1,097,742		1,097,742		1,119,218		21,476	
Interest Revenue		1,007,742		1,097,742		159,368		145,268	
Miscellaneous		217,575		361,041		574,121		213,080	
TOTAL REVENUES		7,338,616		9,918,471		7,873,841	·	(2,044,630)	
EXPENDITURES		5 005 454		<b></b>		1006000		502.000	
General Government		5,237,476		5,579,660		4,996,368		583,292	
Public Safety		1,933,705		2,023,705		1,692,255		331,450	
Health and Welfare		12,300		12,300		6,776		5,524	
Public Works		38,000		38,000		45,825		(7,825)	
Culture and Recreation		-		143,465		143,465		-	
Capital Outlay Debt Service		47,120		431,209		561,726		(130,517)	
Debt Service		30,865		30,865		33,504	·	(2,639)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		7,299,466		8,259,204		7,479,919		779,285	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		39,150		1,659,267		393,922		(1,265,345)	
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>									
Transfers In		-		-		-		-	
Transfers Out		-		(89,000)		(62,000)		27,000	
Lease Proceeds		-		-		42,639		42,639	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		(89,000)		(19,361)		69,639	
Net Change in Fund Balance		39,150		1,570,267		374,561		(1,195,706)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		4,631,443		4,631,443		4,631,443		(1,315,000)	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	4,670,593	\$	6,201,710	\$	5,006,004	\$	(2,510,706)	

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

The schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		BUDGETEI	) AM(	DUNTS			VARIANCE WIT FINAL BUDGE POSITIVE				
	Ol	RIGINAL		FINAL	A	ACTUAL	(N	EGATIVE)			
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Intergovernmental Revenue		3,105,000		4,059,047		2,911,486		(1,147,561)			
License and Permits		34,000		34,000		36,380		2,380			
Charges for Services		409,500		409,500		360,518		(48,982)			
Miscellaneous		3,000		3,000		6,934		3,934			
TOTAL REVENUES		3,551,500		4,505,547		3,315,318		(1,190,229)			
EXPENDITURES											
Public Works		3,087,366		4,162,547		3,209,359		953,188			
Capital Outlay		225,000		225,000		443,914		(218,914)			
Debt Service		119,000		119,000		108,258		10,742			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,431,366		4,506,547		3,761,531		745,016			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		120,134		(1,000)		(446,213)		(445,213)			
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>											
Sale of Capital Assets		1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		121,134		-		(446,213)		(446,213)			
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		4,298,552		4,298,552		4,298,552		-			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	4,419,686	\$	4,298,552	\$	3,852,339	\$	(446,213)			

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

The schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SOCIAL SERVICES FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

								ANCE WITH L BUDGET	
	<b>BUDGETED AMOUNTS</b>							OSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL		(NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	300,386	\$	300,386	\$	349,515	\$	49,129	
Intergovernmental Revenue		1,681,860		6,681,860		7,004,859		322,999	
Interest Revenue		-		-		42		42	
Miscellaneous		-		-		24,373		24,373	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,982,246		6,982,246		7,378,789	. <u></u>	396,543	
EXPENDITURES									
Health and Welfare		1,702,612		6,702,612		7,244,053	. <u> </u>	(541,441)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,702,612		6,702,612		7,244,053	. <u> </u>	(541,441)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		279,634		279,634		134,736		(144,898)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		429,560		429,560		429,258			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	709,194	\$	709,194	\$	563,994	\$	(144,898)	

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP. The schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC SAFETY FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS						FIN	IANCE WITH AL BUDGET POSITIVE	
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL	1	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	700,000	\$	700,000	\$	1,242,172	\$	542,172	
Intergovernmental Revenue		-		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-	
TOTAL REVENUES		700,000		700,000		1,242,172		542,172	
EXPENDITURES									
Public Safety		130,000		130,000		133,639		(3,639)	
Capital Outlay		200,000		200,000		-		200,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		330,000		330,000		133,639		196,361	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		370,000		370,000		1,108,533		738,533	
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b> Sale of Capital Assets									
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		-		-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		370,000		370,000		1,108,533		738,533	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,038,822		2,038,822		2,038,822			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2,408,822	\$	2,408,822	\$	3,147,355	\$	738,533	

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

The schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The combining financial statements represent the second level of financial reporting for the County. These financial statements present more detailed information for the individual funds in a format that segregates information by fund type.

### SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to be expended for particular purposes.

**PUBLIC HEALTH FUND**– This fund is used to account for multiple programs of providing health services to County residents. Financing is provided by grants and fees for services.

**CONSERVATION TRUST FUND** – This fund is used to account for the County share of the state lottery program. The monies may be expended only for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of parks, and other public recreational facilities.

**TOURISM FUND** – This fund is used to account for the County share of the lodging tax collected on each hotel/motel that is rented in Saguache County. The monies may be expended to promote Saguache County to tourists.

SALES TAX – EMERGENCY SERVICES FUND, SALES TAX – YOUTH AND SENIORS FUND, AND SALES TAX – RENEWABLE ENERGY FUND – These funds are used to account for the expenditure of County sales tax collected for emergency services, youth and senior activities, and renewable energy activities, respectively.

### SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2022

	NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS												
	Н	PUBLIC EALTH FUND	CON	SERVATION TRUST FUND	Т	OURISM FUND	EMI SF	LES TAX- ERGENCY ERVICES FUND	YC	LES TAX- DUTH AND SENIORS FUND	RE	LES TAX- NEWABLE ENERGY FUND	TOTAL ONMAJOR 'ERNMENTAL
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable Property Tax Receivable Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds	\$	138,738 95,678 47,922	\$	107,205 - - 5,005	\$	135,861 - - -	\$	37,142	\$	913,547	\$	36,042 - - -	\$ 1,368,535 95,678 47,922 - 5,005
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	282,338	\$	112,210	\$	135,861	\$	37,142	\$	913,547	\$	36,042	\$ 1,517,140
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE													
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Deferred Grant Revenue	\$	3,792	\$	- -	\$	3,000	\$	-	\$	669	\$	-	\$ 7,461
TOTAL LIABILITIES		58,126				3,000				669			 61,795
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> Unearned Revenue - Property Tax		47,922											 47,922
FUND BALANCE Committed		176,290		112,210		132,861		37,142		912,878		36,042	 1,407,423
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		176,290		112,210		132,861		37,142		912,878		36,042	 1,407,423
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCI	E_\$	282,338	\$	112,210	\$	135,861	\$	37,142	\$	913,547	\$	36,042	\$ 1,517,140

## SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

PUBLIC IHEALTH HEALTH FUND         CONSERVATION TRUST FUND         SALES TAX- EMERGINC VOUTINAN FUND         SALES TAX- EMERGINC VOUTINAN FUND         SALES TAX- EMERGINC VOUTINAN FUND         SALES TAX- EMERGY FUND         SALES TAX- EMERGY FUND        SALES TAX- EMERGY FUND <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>								
Taxes         \$         5         94,112         \$         268,788         \$         268,788         \$         268,788         \$         268,788         \$         976,830           Intergovernmental Revenue         449,507         47,264         -         -         -         -         -         -         156,785         -         -         -         -         156,785         -         -         -         -         6,863         7,099           TOTAL REVENUES         661,132         47,264         94,112         268,788         209,538         275,651         1,637,485           EXPENDITURES         6         661,132         47,264         94,112         268,788         209,538         275,651         1,637,485           Current Expenditures         6         6         6         1,637,485         208,788         209,538         275,651         1,637,485           Outrent Expenditures         6         6         1,61,62         2         6         6         6         6         6         275,651         1,637,485           Current Expenditures         6         642,606         -         -         -         -         -         145,943         1,45,943		HEALTH TRUST			EMERGENCY SERVICES	YOUTH AND SENIORS	RENEWABLE ENERGY	NONMAJOR
Intergovernmental Revenue       449,507       47,264       -       -       -       496,771         Charges for Services       156,785       -       -       -       -       156,785         Miscellaneous       236       -       -       -       6.863       7,099         TOTAL REVENUES       661,132       47,264       94,112       268,788       290,538       275,651       1,637,485         EXPENDITURES       -       -       -       -       -       6.863       7,099         Current Expenditures       -       -       -       -       -       6.863       7,045         Public Safety       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       642,606         Public Works       -       -       -       -       -       642,606       -       -       -       642,606         Public Works       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       642,606         Cuture and Recreation       -       39,998       53,466       -       276,194       -       369,658         Capital Outlay       27,517       -       -       -       -       276,194								
Charges for Services       156,785       -       -       -       -       -       156,785         Missellaneous       236       -       -       -       6,863       7,099         TOTAL REVENUES       661,132       47,264       94,112       268,788       290,538       275,651       1,637,485         EXPENDITURES       Current Expenditures       -		,		\$ 94,112	\$ 268,788	\$ 290,538	\$ 268,788	
Misellaneous         236         -         -         -         6,863         7,099           TOTAL REVENUES         661,132         47,264         94,112         268,788         290,538         275,651         1,637,485           EXPENDITURES         Current Expenditures         Current Expenditures         - <t< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td>47,264</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td></t<>	-		47,264	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL REVENUES         661,132         47,264         94,112         268,788         290,538         275,651         1,637,485           EXPENDITURES         General Government         -<	e		-	-	-	-	-	
EXPENDITURES           Current Expenditures           General Government         -	Miscellaneous	236	-	-			6,863	7,099
Current Expenditures           General Government         -	TOTAL REVENUES	661,132	47,264	94,112	268,788	290,538	275,651	1,637,485
General Government       -	EXPENDITURES							
Public Safety       -       -       161,362       -       -       161,362         Health and Welfare       642,606       -       -       -       -       642,606         Public Works       -       -       -       -       -       642,606         Public Works       -       -       -       -       145,943       145,943         Culture and Recreation       -       39,998       53,466       -       276,194       -       369,658         Capital Outlay       27,517       -       -       -       -       27,517         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       670,123       39,998       53,466       161,362       276,194       145,943       1,347,086         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       (8,991)       7,266       40,646       107,426       14,344       129,708       290,399         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       854,505       916,505         Transfer Out       -       -       (314,990)       (142,317)       (397,198)       (854,505)         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       (314,990)       712,188       (397,198)       62,000	-							
Health and Welfare       642,606       -       -       -       -       -       642,606         Public Works       -       -       -       -       -       145,943       145,943         Culture and Recreation       -       39,998       53,466       -       276,194       -       369,658         Capital Outlay       27,517       -       -       -       -       27,517         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       670,123       39,998       53,466       161,362       276,194       145,943       1,347,086         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       (8,991)       7,266       40,646       107,426       14,344       129,708       290,399         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       854,505       -       916,505         Transfer In       62,000       -       -       -       854,505       -       916,505         Transfer Out       -       -       (314,990)       (142,317)       (397,198)       (854,505)         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       62,000       -       -       (314,990)       712,188       (397,198)       62,000         Net Change in Fund Balance       53,009       7,266		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works       -       -       -       -       -       145,943       145,943         Culture and Recreation       -       39,998       53,466       -       276,194       -       369,658         Capital Outlay       27,517       -       -       -       -       27,517         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       670,123       39,998       53,466       161,362       276,194       145,943       1,347,086         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       (8,991)       7,266       40,646       107,426       14,344       129,708       290,399         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       -       -       -       854,505       -       916,505         Transfer In       62,000       -       -       -       854,505       -       916,505         Transfer Out       -       -       (314,990)       (142,317)       (397,198)       (854,505)         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       62,000       -       -       (314,990)       712,188       (397,198)       62,000         Net Change in Fund Balance       53,009       7,266       40,646       (207,564)       726,532       (267,490)       352,399         Fund Balance at Beginning of Year <td>•</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>161,362</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td>	•	-	-	-	161,362	-	-	
Culture and Recreation       -       39,998       53,466       -       276,194       -       369,658         Capital Outlay       27,517       -       -       -       -       27,517         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       670,123       39,998       53,466       161,362       276,194       145,943       1,347,086         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       (8,991)       7,266       40,646       107,426       14,344       129,708       290,399         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       62,000       -       -       -       854,505       -       916,505         Transfer In       62,000       -       -       -       (314,990)       (142,317)       (397,198)       (854,505)         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       62,000       -       -       (314,990)       712,188       (397,198)       62,000         Net Change in Fund Balance       53,009       7,266       40,646       (207,564)       726,532       (267,490)       352,399         Fund Balance at Beginning of Year       123,281       104,944       92,215       244,706       186,346       303,532       1,055,024		642,606	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital Outlay       27,517       -       -       -       -       27,517         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       670,123       39,998       53,466       161,362       276,194       145,943       1,347,086         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       (8,991)       7,266       40,646       107,426       14,344       129,708       290,399         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       Transfer In       62,000       -       -       -       854,505       -       916,505         Transfer Out       -       -       (314,990)       (142,317)       (397,198)       (854,505)         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       62,000       -       -       (314,990)       712,188       (397,198)       62,000         Net Change in Fund Balance       53,009       7,266       40,646       (207,564)       726,532       (267,490)       352,399         Fund Balance at Beginning of Year       123,281       104,944       92,215       244,706       186,346       303,532       1,055,024		-	-	-	-	-	145,943	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES         670,123         39,998         53,466         161,362         276,194         145,943         1,347,086           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (8,991)         7,266         40,646         107,426         14,344         129,708         290,399           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfer In         62,000         -         -         854,505         -         916,505           Transfer Out         -         -         (314,990)         (142,317)         (397,198)         (854,505)           TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         62,000         -         -         (314,990)         712,188         (397,198)         62,000           Net Change in Fund Balance         53,009         7,266         40,646         (207,564)         726,532         (267,490)         352,399           Fund Balance at Beginning of Year         123,281         104,944         92,215         244,706         186,346         303,532         1,055,024		-	39,998	53,466	-	276,194	-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       (8,991)       7,266       40,646       107,426       14,344       129,708       290,399         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       Transfer In       62,000       -       -       -       854,505       -       916,505         Transfer Out       -       -       (314,990)       (142,317)       (397,198)       (854,505)         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       62,000       -       -       (314,990)       712,188       (397,198)       62,000         Net Change in Fund Balance       53,009       7,266       40,646       (207,564)       726,532       (267,490)       352,399         Fund Balance at Beginning of Year       123,281       104,944       92,215       244,706       186,346       303,532       1,055,024	Capital Outlay	27,517	-	-				27,517
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfer In       62,000       -       -       854,505       -       916,505         Transfer Out       -       -       (314,990)       (142,317)       (397,198)       (854,505)         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       62,000       -       -       (314,990)       712,188       (397,198)       62,000         Net Change in Fund Balance       53,009       7,266       40,646       (207,564)       726,532       (267,490)       352,399         Fund Balance at Beginning of Year       123,281       104,944       92,215       244,706       186,346       303,532       1,055,024	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	670,123	39,998	53,466	161,362	276,194	145,943	1,347,086
Transfer In       62,000       -       -       -       854,505       -       916,505         Transfer Out       -       -       (314,990)       (142,317)       (397,198)       (854,505)         TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       62,000       -       -       (314,990)       712,188       (397,198)       62,000         Net Change in Fund Balance       53,009       7,266       40,646       (207,564)       726,532       (267,490)       352,399         Fund Balance at Beginning of Year       123,281       104,944       92,215       244,706       186,346       303,532       1,055,024	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(8,991)	7,266	40,646	107,426	14,344	129,708	290,399
Transfer Out(314,990)(142,317)(397,198)(854,505)TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)62,000(314,990)712,188(397,198)62,000Net Change in Fund Balance53,0097,26640,646(207,564)726,532(267,490)352,399Fund Balance at Beginning of Year123,281104,94492,215244,706186,346303,5321,055,024	<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>							
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       62,000       -       -       (314,990)       712,188       (397,198)       62,000         Net Change in Fund Balance       53,009       7,266       40,646       (207,564)       726,532       (267,490)       352,399         Fund Balance at Beginning of Year       123,281       104,944       92,215       244,706       186,346       303,532       1,055,024	Transfer In	62,000	-	-	-	854,505	-	916,505
Net Change in Fund Balance       53,009       7,266       40,646       (207,564)       726,532       (267,490)       352,399         Fund Balance at Beginning of Year       123,281       104,944       92,215       244,706       186,346       303,532       1,055,024	Transfer Out	-	-	-	(314,990)	(142,317)	(397,198)	(854,505)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year         123,281         104,944         92,215         244,706         186,346         303,532         1,055,024	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	62,000	-		(314,990)	712,188	(397,198)	62,000
	Net Change in Fund Balance	53,009	7,266	40,646	(207,564)	726,532	(267,490)	352,399
Fund Balance at End of Year       \$ 176,290       \$ 112,210       \$ 132,861       \$ 37,142       \$ 912,878       \$ 36,042       \$ 1,407,423	Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	123,281	104,944	92,215	244,706	186,346	303,532	1,055,024
	Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 176,290	\$ 112,210	\$ 132,861	\$ 37,142	\$ 912,878	\$ 36,042	\$ 1,407,423

## SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO ENTERPRISE FUND TYPES COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

		но							
		GUACHE DUSING		BLUE		UERTO L NORTE		FOTAL FERPRISE	
	AUT	HORITY	W	VATERS	HA	CIENDAS	FUND		
ASSETS									
Current Assets:									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	24,240	\$	125,995	\$	102,788	\$	253,023	
Accounts Receivable		-		-		254		254	
Total Current Assets		24,240		125,995		103,042		253,277	
Noncurrent Assets:									
Capital Assets:									
Capital assets not being depreciated:		62,000		36,000		16,000		114,000	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		-		-		164,891		164,891	
Total Noncurrent Assets		62,000		36,000		180,891		278,891	
TOTAL ASSETS		86,240		161,995		283,933		532,168	
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable		-		2,651		2,659		5,310	
Security Deposit		-		3,139		8,099		11,238	
Notes Payable (current portion)		-		1,022		11,307		12,329	
Total Current Liabilities		-		6,812		22,065		28,877	
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Notes Payable		-		109,435		129,785		239,220	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		-		109,435		129,785		239,220	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		116,247		151,850		268,097	
NET POSITION									
Net Investment in Capital Assets		62,000		(74,457)		39,799		27,342	
Unrestricted		24,240		120,205		92,284		236,729	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	86,240	\$	45,748	\$	132,083	\$	264,071	

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO ENTERPRISE FUND TYPES COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	HOUSING AUTHORITY							
	SAGUA HOUS AUTHO	BLUE WATERS		DEI	UERTO L NORTE CIENDAS	ENT	FOTAL FERPRISE FUND	
OPERATING REVENUES								
Rent from Tenants	\$	-	\$	37,425	\$	114,289	\$	151,714
HUD Operating Subsidy		-		94,512		14,767		109,279
Contributions and Donations		-		18,829		99,108		117,937
Miscellaneous				3,672		6,838		10,510
Total operating revenues				154,438		235,002		389,440
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Administrative		-		66,384		42,946		109,330
Utilities		-		28,594		38,045		66,639
Operating and Maintenance		11,245		41,566		111,751		164,562
Insurance		-		7,666		5,303		12,969
Depreciation Expense		-		-		10,721		10,721
Total operating expenses		11,245		144,210		208,766		364,221
Operating Income (Loss)		(11,245)		10,228		26,236		25,219
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest on Investments		-		148		145		293
Grant Revenue		20,000		-		-		20,000
Interest Expense		-		(5,379)		(3,606)		(8,985)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		20,000		(5,231)		(3,461)		11,308
Changes in Net Position		8,755		4,997		22,775		36,527
Net Position, Beginning of Year		77,485		40,751		109,308		227,544
Net Position, End of Year	\$	86,240	\$	45,748	\$	132,083	\$	264,071

### SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO ENTERPRISE FUND TYPES COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	HOUSING AUTHORITY							
	нс	GUACHE DUSING THORITY		BLUE ATERS	DEI	JERTO L NORTE CIENDAS	ENT	FOTAL FERPRISE FUND
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b> Cash received from tenants and others Cash received from HUD operating subsidy Cash paid to employees for services Cash paid to suppliers and service providers	\$	(11,245)	\$	41,227 94,512 (66,384) (56,346)	\$	123,441 14,767 (42,946) (53,332)	\$	164,668 109,279 (109,330) (120,923)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		(11,245)		13,009		41,930		43,694
<b>Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:</b> Grant revenue		20,000				-		20,000
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		20,000		-		-		20,000
<b>Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:</b> Payment of note principal and interest Purchase of capital assets		-		(6,335)		(46,829) (5,300)		(53,164) (5,300)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities				(6,335)		(52,129)		(58,464)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received				148		145		293
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		-		148		145		293
Increase (decrease) in cash and investments		8,755		6,822		(10,054)		5,523
Cash and cash equivalents, Beginning of the Year		15,485		119,173		112,842		247,500
Cash and cash equivalents, End of the Year	\$	24,240	\$	125,995	\$	102,788	\$	253,023
Operating income (loss)	\$	(11,245)	\$	10,228	\$	26,236	\$	25,219
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Security Deposits		- - -		2,651 130		10,721 (254) 2,659 2,568		10,721 (254) 5,310 2,698
Total adjustments				2,781		15,694		18,475
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(11,245)	\$	13,009	\$	41,930	\$	43,694
Noncash Noncapital Financing Activities Contributions of repairs, maintenance, and materials	\$	-	\$	18,829	\$	99,107	\$	117,936

## SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS OUT ALL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND ALL PROPRIETARY FUNDS BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

				ENDITURES			EXPENDITURES VARIANCE WITH					
	ł	BUDGETEI	) AN	IOUNTS		PORTED ON HE GAAP		JSTMENTS UDGETARY		ON THE DGETARY		L BUDGET DSITIVE
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL		BASIS		BASIS		BASIS	(NF	CGATIVE)
Governmental Funds												
Non-major Governmental Funds												
Special Revenue Funds												
Public Health Fund	\$	849,461	\$	901,098	\$	670,123	\$	-	\$	670,123	\$	230,975
Conservation Trust Fund		40,000		40,000		39,998		-		39,998		2
Tourism Fund		80,000		80,000		53,466		-		53,466		26,534
Sales Tax - Emergency Services Fund		100,000		476,990		476,352		-		476,352		638
Sales Tax - Youth and Seniors Fund		120,000		419,316		418,511		-		418,511		805
Sales Tax - Renewable Energy Fund		100,000		543,197	. <u> </u>	543,141	. <u> </u>	-		543,141		56
Total Non-major Governmental Funds	\$	1,289,461	\$	2,460,601	\$	2,201,591	\$	-	\$	2,201,591	\$	259,010
Proprietary Funds												
Enterprise Funds												
Blue Waters Housing Authority	\$	130,848	\$	130,848	\$	149,589	\$	(18,829)	\$	130,760	\$	88
Puerto Del Norte Haciendas Housing Authority		114,750		149,094		212,372		(66,606)		145,766		3,328
Saguache County Housing Authority		10,000		20,000		11,245	·			11,245		8,755
Total Proprietary Funds	\$	255,598	\$	299,942	\$	373,206	\$	(85,435)	\$	287,771	\$	12,171

Adjustments to budgetary basis include costs of capitalized assets, depreciation expense, principal payments, and contributed repairs and maintenance.

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO

# **OTHER SCHEDULES AND REPORTS**

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Grantor and Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients (\$)	Federal Expenditures(\$)
CCDF Cluster				
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A		\$ (924)
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	10,918
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Total CCDF Cluster			-	9,994 9,994
				,,,,,
<i>Food Distribution Cluster</i> U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.565	Colorado Department of Human Services and Care and Share Food Bank,N/A	-	32,512
Emergency Food Assistance Program (Food Commodities)	10.569	Colorado Department of Human Services and Care and Share Food Bank,N/A	_	45,329
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.507	Share I ood Dank, WA		77,841
Total Food Distribution Cluster				77,841
Medicaid Cluster				,
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Medical Assistance Program Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services <b>Total Medicaid Cluster</b>	93.778	Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Financing,N/A		176,965 176,965 176,965
SNAP Cluster				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.551	Colorado Department of Human Services,N/A	-	434
COVID-19 State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	Colorado Department of Human Services,N/A	-	2,730
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	Colorado Department of Human Services,N/A		96,297
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			-	99,461
Total SNAP Cluster			-	99,461

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Grantor and Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients (\$)	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States, Title I	10.665	Colorado Department of Treasury,N/A Colorado Department of	973,743	973,744
Schools and Roads - Grants to States, Title III	10.665	Treasury,N/A	-	45,823
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			973,743	1,019,567
Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster			973,743	1,019,567
Section 8 Project-Based Cluster				
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Section 8 Housing Assistance		Colorado Housing and		
Payments Program	14.195	Finance Authority,N/A	-	94,512
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			-	94,512
Total Section 8 Project-Based Cluster			-	94,512
Housing Voucher Cluster				
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
		Center Housing		
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	Authority, N/A	-	14,767
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			-	14,767
Total Housing Voucher Cluster			-	14,767
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				
U.S. Department of Transportation				
1 1				
History Diagnia and Construction	20.205	Colorado Department of Transportation, N/A		42 260
Highway Planning and Construction Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.205	Transportation, N/A	-	43,360
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				43,360
				45,500
Total All Clusters			973,743	1,536,467
Other Programs				
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
	07.040	Colorado Department of		
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	Local Affairs, N/A	-	33,862
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			-	33,862
U.S. Department of Justice				
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	Colorado Division of Criminal Justice, N/A	-	46,455
		Colorado Division of		,
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	Criminal Justice, N/A	-	66,547
Total U.S. Department of Justice			-	113,002

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Grantor and Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients (\$)	Federal Expenditures(\$)
U.S. Department of Treasury				
		Colorado Department of		
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	Human Services, N/A Colorado Department of	-	(82)
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Local Affairs, N/A	-	558,601
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A Colorado Department of Public Health and	-	4,006
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Environment,OPHP	-	34,812
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			-	597,337
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	Colorado Department of PublicHealth and Enviornment, C22PHP	-	18,688
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	1,039
COVID-19 Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, IMM#4	-	5,012
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, IMM#3	-	31,501
COVID-19 Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.323	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, ELC	-	73,922
Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.323	Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, ELC	-	71,565
Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative Agreement for Emergency Response: Public Health Crisis Response	93.354	Public Health and Environment, OPHP LPHA	-	94,316
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	217,129

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Grantor and Number	Passed-through to Subrecipients (\$)	Federal Expenditures(\$)
		~		
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	Colorado Department of Human Services, N/A	-	128,172
	,5.505			120,172
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child		Colorado Department of		
Welfare Services Program	93.645	Human Services, N/A	-	18,936
		Colorado Department of		
Foster Care-Title IV-E	93.658	Human Services, N/A	-	97,865
		Colorado Department of		
Adoption Assistance	93.659	Human Services, N/A	-	25,657
		Colorado Department of		
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	Human Services, N/A	-	43,793
		Colorado Department of		
COVID-19 Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	93.747	Human Services, N/A	-	4,502
		Colorado Department of		
		Public Health and		
Maternal and Child Health Services		Environment, OPPI		
Block Grant to the States	93.994	LPHA	-	10,653
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			-	842,750
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Rural Rental Housing Loans	10.415		-	115,836
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			-	115,836
Total Other Programs			-	1,702,787
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 973,743	\$ 3,239,254

## SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Saguache County, Colorado under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Saguache County, Colorado, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Saguache County, Colorado.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for funds passed-through the Colorado Department of Human Services, Department of Public Health and Environment, Department of Health Care Policy and Financing, and Care and Share Food Bank. These funds are reported on a cash basis. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through identifying numbers are presented where available. The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance for the year ended December 31, 2022. In addition, the County did not pass-through federal funds to subrecipients.

#### NOTE 3 FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed.

#### **NOTE 4 RURAL RENTAL HOUSING LOAN**

The Rural Rental Housing Loan is administered by Rural Development payable by the County. The outstanding loan balance at December 31, 2022 is included in the financial statements. The detail of the loan outstanding at the beginning and end of the year are included in Note 7 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.

To the Board of County Commissioners Saguache County, Colorado Saguache, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Saguache County, Colorado (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 16, 2023.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an

### **Certified Public Accountants**

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Board of County Commissioners Saguache County, Colorado Page 2

objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2022-001.

### **County's Response to Findings**

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying corrective action plan. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the engagement to audit the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc. Alamosa, Colorado

August 16, 2023

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc.

To the Board of County Commissioners Saguache County, Colorado Saguache, Colorado

# **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

## **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Saguache County, Colorado's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of Auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

# Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

# **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

# **Certified Public Accountants**

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Board of County Commissioners Saguache County, Colorado Page 2

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control other compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of County Commissioners Saguache County, Colorado Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc. Alamosa, Colorado

August 16, 2023

# SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

## Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified
<ul> <li>Internal control over financial report</li> <li>Material weakness(es) identif</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identificant deficiency(ies) identificant deficiency(ies)</li> <li>identificant deficiency</li> <li>identif</li></ul>	fied? entified that are <b>not</b> akness(es)?	<u>X</u> yes <u>no</u> no <u>yes X</u> none <u>X</u> yes <u>no</u>
Federal Awards		,
<ul> <li>Internal control over major programs</li> <li>Material weakness(es) identified</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified considered to be material weak reported</li> </ul>	fied? entified that are <b>not</b>	yes <u>X</u> no yes <u>X</u> none
Type of auditors' report issued on co	mpliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are accordance with 2 CFR section 200.5		yes <u>X</u> no
Identification of major programs:		
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 10.665 21.027	Name of Federal Program or Cl Forest Service Schools and Roa Coronavirus State and Local Fi	ids Cluster
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	between type A and type B prog	rams: \$750,000
Auditee qualified as a low-risk audite	ee?	yes <u>X</u> no

#### SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

#### Section II – Financial Statement Findings

#### Finding 2022-001: Internal Control over Financial Reporting (Repeat of Finding 09-1, 10-1, 11-1, 12-1, 2013-01, 2014-01, 2015-01, 2016-01, 2017-01, 2018-01, 2019-01, 2020-001, and 2021-001)

*Type of finding: Internal Control (material weakness) and Noncompliance (material noncompliance)* 

*Criteria:* A system of internal control includes the design, documentation, and monitoring of control activities over the application of accounting principles, anti-fraud programs, non-routine transaction, and financial statement preparation.

*Condition:* The County does not have a complete system of internal control to prevent and detect financial misstatements or to ensure compliance with budget laws.

*Cause:* A reconciliation and review process was not completed timely to properly state year-end account balances and properly record non-routine transactions. In addition, the County does not have a process to ensure compliance with budget laws.

*Effect:* As a result of this condition the following areas were effected:

- 1. The Social Services fund expenditures exceeded appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2022 by \$541,441. This may be a violation of Colorado Revised Statute 29-1-110. (Material Noncompliance)
- 2. Audit adjustments were proposed to properly state the County financial statements as of December 31, 2022, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

*Recommendation:* The County should continue to improve its internal controls with adopted policies and procedures regarding year-end reconciling of account balances to ensure accurate financial statements. In addition, the County should incorporate a review process over budget to actual statements and adopt supplemental appropriations when necessary.

Management's Response: See corrective action plan.

#### Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

#### SAGUACHE COUNTY, COLORADO SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended December 31, 2022

### <u>Section II – Financial Statement Findings</u>

### Finding 2021-001: Internal Control over Financial Reporting (Repeat of Finding 09-1, 10-1, 11-1, 12-1, 2013-001, 2014-001, 2015-001, 2016-01, 2017-01, 2018-01, 2019-01, and 2020-001)

*Type of finding: Internal Control (material weakness) and Noncompliance (material noncompliance)* 

*Condition:* The County does not have a complete system of internal control to prevent and detect financial misstatements or to ensure compliance with laws and regulations.

Status: Partially Implemented. (See Finding 2022-001.)

#### Finding 2021-001: Internal Control over Social Services Fund Reconciliation

Type of finding: Internal Control (material weakness)

*Condition:* The County does not have a complete system of internal control to ensure all Social Services fund activity is recorded and reconciled accurately to supporting documentation and the State of Colorado Financial Management System.

Status: Implemented.



SAGUACHE COUNTY

505 Third Street • P. O. Box 100 Saguache, Colorado 81149

Phone: (719) 655-2231 · Fax: (719) 655-2635

# **CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN**

Oversight Agency - U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Saguache County, Colorado respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Independent Accountants:

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc. Certified Public Accountants 3001 Adcock Circle, P.O. Box 809 Alamosa, CO 81101

Audit period:

Year ended December 31, 2022

The findings from the December 31, 2022, schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule. Section I of the schedule, Summary of Auditors' Results, does not include findings and is not addressed.

# Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2022-001: Internal Control over Financial Report

(Repeat of Finding 09-1, 10-1, 11-1, 12-1, 2013-01, 2014-01, 2015-01, 2016-01, 2017-01, 2018-01, 2019-01, 2020-001,

and 2021-001)

*Type of finding: Internal Control (material weakness) and Noncompliance (material noncompliance)* 

*Recommendation:* The County should continue to improve its internal controls with adopted policies and procedures regarding year-end reconciling of account balances to ensure accurate and timely financial statements. In addition, the County should incorporate a review process over budget to actual statements and adopt supplemental appropriations when necessary.

Action Taken:

Saguache County acknowledges and accepts Finding 2022-001. During 2023, the County has implemented monthly reconciliation procedures for the Social Service accounting function. These processes provide accurate and timely financial statements that can be relied upon for consideration in the budget process. The County will also complete a robust budget review based from these financial statements for 2023 budget amendments and the 2024 budget year. It is noted that the County believes the compliance issue stems from the excess direct

pass-through benefit remunerations received by county residence and is not a result of direct County expenditures.

Saguache County has also received and reviewed the 2022 audited adjusting entries. We accept these entries and have posted such entries to the December 31, 2022, general ledger and financial statements on record with the County. These adjusting entries will also be considered by management when preparing the 2023 financial statements and implementing additional reporting controls.

If the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services have questions regarding this plan, please call the responsible party listed below.

Sincerely yours,

endi Maez

County Administrator ( Saguache County, Colorado

nnia We

Virginka West Finance Specialist Saguache County, Colorado

Financial Planning 02/01

The public report burden for this information collection is estimated	to average 380 hours annually.			Form # 350-050-36	
			City or County: Saguach	e County	
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT			YEAR ENDING :		
			December 2022		
This Information From The Records Of Saguache Cou	nty	Prepared By: Michelle H Phone: 719-655-2554	lashbarger		
I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-US	SER REVENUES AVAI	LABLE FOR LOCAL (	GOVERNMENT EXPEN	NDITURE	
	A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from	
ITEM	Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway	
	Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration	
1. Total receipts available					
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses					
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes					
4. Minus amount used for mass transit					
5. Remainder used for highway purposes					
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREE	T PURPOSES	III. D	<b>ISBURSEMENTS FOR</b>	ROAD	
			AND STREET PURPOS	ES	
ITEM	AMOUNT		EM	AMOUNT	
A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway disb			
1. Local highway-user taxes		1. Capital outlay (fro	m page 2)	0	
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:		3,230,513	
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and street set	rvices:		
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic control	operations	19,138	
2. General fund appropriations		b. Snow and ice re		5,000	
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	11,653	c. Other		19,820	
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	367,451	d. Total (a. throu	oh c)	43,958	
5. Transfers from toll facilities	507,151		ation & miscellaneous	378,596	
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		5. Highway law enfo		570,590	
a. Bonds - Original Issues		6. Total (1 through 5		3,653,067	
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues		B. Debt service on loca		5,055,007	
c. Notes		1. Bonds:	i obligations.		
$\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}$	0	a. Interest			
7. Total (1 through 6)	379,104	b. Redemption			
B. Private Contributions	379,104			0	
B. Private Contributions		c. Total (a. + b.)		0	
C. Receipts from State government	2.026.006	2. Notes:			
(from page 2)	2,936,006	a. Interest		100.050	
D. Receipts from Federal Government		b. Redemption		108,258	
(from page 2)	0	c. Total (a. + b.)		108,258	
E. Total receipts $(A.7 + B + C + D)$	3,315,110	3. Total $(1.c + 2.c)$		108,258	
		C. Payments to State for	or highways		
		D. Payments to toll facilities			
		E. Total disbursements	s (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	3,761,325	
	IV. LOCAL HIGHW. (Show all entr				
	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt	
A. Bonds (Total)	Spennig Debt	/ infount issued	reacinpuons	0	
1. Bonds (Refunding Portion)				Ū	
B. Notes (Total)	108,258	0	108,258	0	
			,		
V. L	OCAL ROAD AND ST	REET FUND BALANC	E		
A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation	
4,298,552	3,315,110	3,761,325	3,852,337	0	
Notes and Comments:					
The HUTF funds for the Saguache County Road & Bri	dge are reduced by 206.6	7 which is the amount that	t we received for the Tow	n of Bonanza.	
This dollar amount is rflected in the city report for the					
Beginning balance of note was corrected based on upd		1.			
FORM FHWA-536 (Rev. 1-05)	PREVIOUS EDIT	TIONS OBSOLETE		(Next Page)	

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT			STATE: Colorado YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2022		
II. RECEIPTS FO	OR ROAD AND STREE	•			
ITEM	AMOUNT		ITEM	AMOUNT	
.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous lo			
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	0	a. Interest on inv			
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines a	& Penalities		
1. Sales Taxes		c. Parking Garage	e Fees		
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	11,653	d. Parking Meter	Fees		
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplu		15,4	
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Se	ervices	297,2	
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other		g. Other Misc. R	eceipts	54,7	
6. Total (1. through 5.)	11,653	h. Other			
c. Total (a. + b.)	11,653	i. Total (a. through	gh h.)	367,4	
	(Carry forward to page 1)			(Carry forward to page 1)	
ITEM	AMOUNT		ITEM	AMOUNT	
2. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Fed			
1. Highway-user taxes	2,911,279	1. FHWA (from Iten			
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal age	ncies:		
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service			
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA			
b. Project Match	0.1.505	c. HUD			
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	24,727	d. Federal Transit Admin			
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers			
e. Other (Specify)	24.727	f. Other Federal			
f. Total (a. through e.) 4 T + 1(1 + 2 + 2)	24,727	g. Total (a. through f.) 3. Total (1. + 2.g)			
4. Total $(1. + 2. + 3.f)$	2,936,006	5. Total (1. + 2.g)		(Carry forward to page 1)	
III. DISBURSEMENT	S FOR ROAD AND ST	REET PURPOSES - D	ETAIL		
		ON NATIONAL	OFF NATIONAL		
		HIGHWAY HIGHWAY		TOTAL	
		SYSTEM	SYSTEM	TOTAL	
		(a)	(b)	(c)	
.1. Capital outlay:		(")		(•)	
a. Right-Of-Way Costs					
b. Engineering Costs					
c. Construction:					
(1). New Facilities					
(2). Capacity Improvements					
(3). System Preservation					
(4). System Enhancement & Operation					
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (2)$		0		)	
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b.	+ 1.c.5)	0	(	)	
otes and Comments:				(Carry forward to page 1)	
otes and comments.					

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev.1-05)

PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE 2 \_\_\_\_\_